

B

Total Ques: 100

- 1 A
Ex. Tribhanga (tri-bent pose) is a standing body position or stance used in the traditional Indian sculpture, art and Indian classical dance form. Tribhanga is literally meaning three parts break, consists of three bends in the body; at the neck, waist and knee which gives it a gentle 'S' shape.

2 A
Ex.

3 A
Ex. Lahore Session of Congress was held in December, 1929 and Gandhi-Irwin pact was signed on 5 March, 1931 while execution of Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev and Rajguru happened just 3 days before (23 March, 1931) Karachi session of Congress (29-31 March, 1931). This correct answer is option

4 B
Ex.

5 B
Ex.

6 A
Ex.

7 C
Ex. The correctly matched list is as follows -
Macdonald - Communal Award (1932)
Linlithgow - August Offer (1940)
Dalhousie - Doctrine of Lapse
Chelmsford - Dyarchy (Act of 1919, Enforcement of dyarchy system in the provinces)

8 D
Ex. The correctly matched list is as follows-
Morley-Minto Reform (1909) - Communal Electorates
Simon Commission (1928) - Nation Wide Movement
Chauri-Chaura incident (1922) - Withdrawal of Non-cooperation Movement
Dandi March (1930) - Illegal manufacturing of Salt

9 A
Ex.

10 A
Ex.

11 C
Ex. Assertion (A) is true, but reason (R) is false. Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) was isolated from Quit India Movement, 1942. From 1940 to the end of colonial power in 1947, did not take part in any National Movement.

12 B
Ex.

13 D
Ex.

14 D
Ex. The correct chronological order of the events is as follows-
Events : Date
Gandhi-Irwin Pact - March 5, 1931
Execution of Bhagat Singh - March 23, 1931
Karachi Session of Indian National Congress - March 29-31, 1931
Poona Pact - September 24, 1932

15 B
Ex. Mahatma Gandhi suspended the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1922, after the violent incident of Chauri-Chaura. The suspension of this movement was strongly opposed by C.R. Das and Motilal Nehru. Thus, both assertion and reason are correct, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

16 C
Ex. The Champaran Satyagraha of 1917 was the first Satyagraha of Mahatma Gandhi. One of the very significant aspects of the Champaran Satyagraha was that it joined peasant unrest to India's national Movement.

17 D
Ex. Dadabhai Naoroji presided over INC session for three times in 1886 AD, 1893 AD and in 1906 AD.

18 A
Ex. The Swadeshi and Boycott were adopted as methods of struggle for the first time during the agitation against the partition of Bengal. It was an economic strategy aimed at the British Empire against the partition of Bengal by Lord Curzon on 16 October, 1905.

19 C
Ex. Shipki La is a mountain pass and border post on the Indo-China border. It is located in Kinnaur district of Himachal Pradesh not in Jammu and Kashmir. Rest of the passes are correctly matched with their States.

20 A
Ex. Garo, Khasi, Jaintia hills are parts of Meghalaya Plateau whereas Bhuban Hills is part of Mizo Hills.

21 C
Ex. The descending order of the given Indian States according to geographical area are as follows : Rajasthan (342,239 km²). Maharashtra (307,713 km²), Karnataka (191,791 km²) and Tamil Nadu (130,060 km²).

22 C
Ex.

23 A
Ex.

24 B
Ex.

25 C
Ex.

26 B
Ex.

27 C
Ex.

28 D
Ex.

29 C
Ex.

Ex. Tropical hot deserts are often found in the region of trade wind band between 15° to 30° South or North of Equator in the western side of continents. Therefore statement 1 is correct. In India, Eastern Himalayan region receives more rain from the southwest winds coming from the Bay of Bengal. Therefore statement 2 is wrong.

Ex

Ex. Most of the population of the Egypt benefit from fertile land and water sources of the Nile river. Therefore, Egypt is called the gift of the Nile. The region through which river Nile flows is like an oasis in the desert.

Ex.

Ex. Golak Nath case was decided on 27 February 1967. Keshavanand Bharti Case was decided in 1973. The constitution (Twenty-Fourth Amendment) Act, 1971 was passed on 5 November 1971. The Constitution (Forty second Amendment) Act, 1976 was passed in 1976. Hence, correct answer is option (a).

Ex.

Ex

Ev

Ev

39
Ev40
Ex

Ex. Both Assertion and the Reason are correct but the Reason does not explain the Assertion, hence option (b) is correct.

Fx

43
Fx

Ev

43
Ev46
Ev47
Ex

Ex. Barium is a good absorber of X-rays and this helps the stomach to appear clearly in contrast with the other regions in the picture. So its suitable form is administered to patients before an X-ray examination of the stomach. It is used to diagnose abnormalities of the gastrointestinal tract, such as tumours, ulcers, etc.

Ex. The cuckoo never makes its nest. Lizard can give up its tail with the mere touch and tail again regenerate because it has horizontal division in their vertebrals. Chimpanzee is said to be most wisest animal and blue whale is the largest living creature.

Ex The correctly matched lists are as follows :

List-I		List-II
Acid present in Vinegar	-	Acetic acid
Souring of milk	-	Lactic acid
Compound present in bones	-	Calcium phosphate
Acid present in Gastric juices	-	Hydrochloric acid

Ex.

Ex.

JJ
Fy

Ex. In the above question all the given options are correctly matched except option (d). A dental disease called fluorosis occurs due to excess of fluoride ion. Enamel gets affected by this disease and the tooth get yellowish in colour.

Ex. Cancer is caused by the uncontrolled multiplication of cells and by the excess consumption of nutrients from them while other normal cells of body do not get proper nutrients. Finally the normal cells of body end slowly and death at the last.

Ex. The deficiency of iodine causes goitre in which the neck becomes thicker due to an enlarged thyroid gland. Anaemia is caused by iron deficiency. Vitamin A and B are useful to prevent night blindness and beri-beri respectively.

Ex The correctly matched lists are as follows :

Haemophilia	-	Genetic disease
Diabetes	-	Hormonal disorder
Rickets	-	Deficiency disease
Ringworm	-	fungal infection

Ex. The correctly matched lists are as follows :

Plague	-	Bacteria
AIDS	-	Virus
Baldness	-	Fungus
Malaria	-	Protozoa

Ex.

Ex

Ev

62
Ex63
F

- 1 A
Ex. नृत्य एवं नाट्य कला की 'त्रिभंग' मुद्रा में एक पांव मोड़ा जाता है और देह थोड़ी किन्तु विपरीत दिशा में कटि एवं ग्रीवा पर वक्र की जाती है। गर्दन, कमर एवं घुटने को अंग्रेजी के एक एस अक्षर के रूप में समंजित किया जाता है। ओडिसी नृत्य के नर्तक अक्सर इस भंगिमा का अनुसरण करते हैं।
- 2 A
Ex.
- 3 A
Ex. कांग्रेस का लाहौर अधिवेशन दिसंबर, 1929 में तथा गांधी-इर्विन समझौता 5 मार्च, 1931 को हुआ था, जबकि कांग्रेस का कराची अधिवेशन 29-31 मार्च, 1931 को तथा भगत सिंह, सुखदेव और राजगुरु को 23 मार्च, 1931 को फांसी दी गई थी।
- 4 B
Ex.
- 5 B
Ex.
- 6 A
Ex. सही सुमेलन इस प्रकार है—
मदन मोहन मालवीय — हिंदू विश्वविद्यालय के संस्थापक
मोतीलाल नेहरू — स्वराज पार्टी का अन्य लोगों के साथ गठन (1923)
श्रीमती एनी बेसेंट — होमरूल ली की संस्थापक (1916)
गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले — सर्वेन्ट्स ऑफ इंडिया सोसाइटी की स्थापना (1905)
- 7 C
Ex. सही सुमेलन इस प्रकार है—
मैक्डोनाल्ड — कम्युनल अवार्ड (1932)
लिनलिथगो — अगस्त ऑफर (1940)
डलहौजी — डॉक्ट्रिन ऑफ लैप्स (व्यपगत सिद्धांत)
चेम्सफोर्ड — डाइआर्की (1919 का अधिनियम—प्रांतों में द्वैध शासन लागू)
- 8 D
Ex.
- 9 A
Ex.
- 10 A
Ex.
- 11 C
Ex. (A) सत्य है, किंतु कारण (R) असत्य है। राष्ट्रीय स्वयं सेवक संघ 1942 के भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन से पृथक रहा। वर्ष 1940 से लेकर विदेशी सत्ता के 1947 में समाप्त होने तक के किसी भी राष्ट्रीय आंदोलन में संघ की कोई भूमिका नहीं थी।
- 12 B
Ex.
- 13 D
Ex.

- 14 D
Ex. प्रश्नगत घटनाओं का सही कालानुक्रम इस प्रकार है—
घटनाएं — कालानुक्रम
गांधी-इर्विन समझौता — 5 मार्च, 1931
भगत सिंह को फांसी — 23 मार्च, 1931
भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस का कराची अधिवेशन — 29 से 31 मार्च, 1931
पूना समझौता — 24 सितंबर, 1932
- 15 B
Ex. महात्मा गांधी द्वारा फरवरी, 1922 में असहयोग आंदोलन स्थगित करने का कारण चौरी-चौरा की हिंसक घटना थी। साथ ही सी.आर. दास एवं मोतीलाल नेहरू द्वारा असहयोग आंदोलन के स्थगन का कड़ा विरोध किया गया था। इस प्रकार, कथन एवं कारण दोनों सही हैं, परंतु कारण, कथन की सही व्याख्या नहीं है।
- 16 C
Ex.
- 17 D
Ex.
- 18 A
Ex.
- 19 C
Ex.
- 20 A
Ex. भुवन पहाड़ियां मिजो हिल्स का भाग हैं, जो पूर्वोत्तर हिमालय का अंग हैं, जबकि गारो, खासी और जयन्तिया पहाड़ियां मेघालय पठार के भाग हैं।
- 21 C
Ex. निम्नलिखित राज्यों का क्षेत्रफल के अनुसार घटता हुआ क्रम इस प्रकार है—
राजस्थान — 3,42,239 वर्ग किमी.
महाराष्ट्र — 3,07,713 वर्ग किमी.
कर्नाटक — 1,91,793 वर्ग किमी.
तमिलनाडु — 1,30,060 वर्ग किमी.
- 22 C
Ex. राजस्थान का मरुक्षेत्र विश्व का सबसे घना बसा मरुस्थल (83 व्यक्ति/वर्ग किमी.) है। यह अनुमानतः 10,000 वर्ष पुराना है। यहां केवल 40 से 60 प्रतिशत क्षेत्र ही कृषि हेतु उपयुक्त है। सिंचाई सुविधाओं में विकास के फलस्वरूप शुद्ध बोए गए क्षेत्र में वृद्धि के कारण चारागाह क्षेत्र के विस्तार पर कुप्रभाव पड़ा है।
- 23 A
Ex.
- 24 B
Ex.
- 25 C
Ex.
- 26 B
Ex.
- 27 C
Ex.

